

Low prices. Goods. Towels. Hosiery. Socks. Bedsteads. P. H. Snook. Atlanta, Georgia.

VOL. XIX.

YESTERDAY'S ROAST.

The Mercury at the Top of the Thermometer.

SEVERAL DEATHS FROM SUNSTROKE.

The Temperature in the Principal Cities of the Union—Bulletin of the Crops and Other Information.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The hot weather of Saturday was intensified today, and there was much suffering throughout the city. At 7 o'clock this morning the mercury had reached 90 degrees, and by eleven it was at 100 degrees.

At 5 o'clock a furious squall swept down upon the lake bringing with it a heavy rain, which lasted half an hour. From the time of the storm the temperature began falling rapidly, and at 9 o'clock tonight had reached 79 degrees.

These deaths were all the result of sunstroke or heat prostration. A number of patients in the hospital are in a state of coma tonight and the physicians consider their cases hopeless.

George Scott, a laborer, was bitten and probably fatally injured last evening by a horse, which it is supposed had gone mad through intense heat.

The heat in Galesburg, Ill., has been terrific for the past six days, averaging 100 degrees in the shade. Today it reached 104, and there were four deaths from prostration.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Deaths from sunstroke occurred in Chicago between noon and midnight today, making the total for twenty-four hours eight. Altogether forty cases of insolation have been reported. Several are expected to result fatally.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—With the single exception of July 8th, 1876, to-day has been the hottest for over thirty years. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the thermometer registered 102 degrees in the shade.

Despite the sweltering heat, Dr. McGlynn addressed a very large audience in this city this evening under the auspices of the Anti-Poverty Society, and was enthusiastically received.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—The intensely warm weather continued today, the thermometer at 3 p. m. registered 90 degrees. A rain storm of short duration passed over the city about 4 o'clock, after which a pleasant breeze from the northwest afforded grateful relief to perspiring humanity.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 17.—[Special.]—This has been the hottest day recorded in Columbia since the thermometer was first used here. Vegetation is scorched and all animals have suffered terribly.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 17.—This has been the hottest day in years, the thermometer indicating a maximum temperature of 104.

The heat in Atlanta is a threshold subject, and if every thermometer had been attached to a chestnut tree, the heat would have been unbearable.

Of course this torrid weather had a noticeable effect on the church-going part of the population. The churches generally contained very few worshippers.

A STORM IN NEW YORK. Rain and Telegraph Poles Prostrated—Damage to Shipping.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The air was very close this morning. Towards noon heavy clouds filled the sky. Without any warning a terrible wind and rain storm set in, and lasted nearly half an hour, and was accompanied by rapid flashes of lightning and heavy thunder.

PROHIBITION IN THE SOUTH. Senator Colquhoun Addresses the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

CHICAGO, July 17.—At the national convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Senator Colquhoun, of Georgia, gave some interesting details of the prohibition law in that state.

EFFECT ON CROPS.

Bulletin Showing the Distribution of Rain for the Past Week.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Following is the weather report bulletin of the signal office, war department, for the week ending July 16, 1887.

Temperature.—During the week ending July 16, 1887, the weather has been warmer than usual except in the Gulf States, northern New England and on the Pacific coast.

Rainfall.—During the week there has been a deficiency in rainfall generally throughout all the agricultural districts east of the Rocky mountains, except in Minnesota, northern Wisconsin, Colorado and the Pacific coast.

General Remarks.—Reports received during the week indicate that the weather has been favorable for the cotton crop in the eastern and central portions of the United States.

More Boston Girls Pose Clothed Only in Their Excessive Curves.

BOSTON, July 17.—Edward Gertz, a well-known photographer of South Boston, appeared in court today to answer to the charge of printing and selling indecent photographs.

THE PRESIDENT'S BENEVOLENCE. He Gives Instructions Regarding the Dead Engineer's Family.

UTICA, N. Y., July 17.—Soon after the accident to the presidential excursion train last night, by the breaking of the connecting car, Mr. Cleveland telegraphed to his mother.

THE TREMBLING EARTH. Earthquake Shocks in Malta, Cairo and Sicily.

LONDON, July 17.—Severe earthquake shock was felt today at Malta. A serious earthquake was experienced at Cairo, where one man was killed and several injured.

CHAMBERLAIN AND TREVELYAN. LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the radical union of Birmingham, in which he expresses his belief that Sir George Trevelyan has accepted the vacant Gladstonian assurance in order to get back into parliament.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

FORTUNE'S SCHEME.

A Colored Editor Trying to Organize His Race INTO A SECRET POLITICAL PARTY.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Editor Thomas Fortune, of the New York Freeman, talked to a reporter yesterday about the proposed Afro-American league whose formation he is urging in his newspaper.

"I first proposed the idea of a national league of colored people," said Fortune. "At the close of the civil rights which I published five weeks ago upon the lynching of four negroes at York, South Carolina. I asked if the negroes of the whole country couldn't band themselves together in some way and do something to better the demoralized condition of the race in the south, as well as to secure some of the civil rights which are denied us in the north."

"Our plans are not matured yet. What we are trying to do now is to get our people organized upon the general basis of belief in a national league of colored people. We propose to form ward and county and state leagues first. Then we shall hold a national convention and settle the exact purposes and policy of the present league."

"The work of preliminary organization is going on splendidly. We have a large organization in Virginia, and I understand that the middle Atlantic states are working for the coalition of the negro societies there. Undoubtedly our negro societies will form the basis of the present league."

HUNG IN A COURT ROOM. A Negro Seized by a Mob and Hung to the Rafters.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 17.—At Union City early in the week, a negro, named John Williams, committed a brutal assault on a little white girl. A posse was organized, and after a long search, he was found at Humboldt and brought back. His preliminary examination was held yesterday.

THE PRESIDENT'S BENEVOLENCE. He Gives Instructions Regarding the Dead Engineer's Family.

UTICA, N. Y., July 17.—Soon after the accident to the presidential excursion train last night, by the breaking of the connecting car, Mr. Cleveland telegraphed to his mother.

THE TREMBLING EARTH. Earthquake Shocks in Malta, Cairo and Sicily.

LONDON, July 17.—Severe earthquake shock was felt today at Malta. A serious earthquake was experienced at Cairo, where one man was killed and several injured.

CHAMBERLAIN AND TREVELYAN. LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the radical union of Birmingham, in which he expresses his belief that Sir George Trevelyan has accepted the vacant Gladstonian assurance in order to get back into parliament.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

WATERING THE SHEEP.

The Flocks That Gather Around the Gospel Well.

DISCOURSE BY REV. DEWITT TALMAGE.

The Eloquent Divine Entertains His Hearers at "The Hampton," in One of His Popular Sermons.

THE HAMPTONS, July 17.—[Special.]—The Rev. Dr. De Witt Talmage, D. D., pastor at the Brooklyn Tabernacle, continues to enjoy the summer in this pleasant place. His sermon for to-day was on the text: "We Cannot, Until all the Flocks be Gathered Together, and I will Roll the Stone from the Well's Mouth; Then we Water the Sheep."—Genesis xix: 8.

A scene in Mesopotamia, beautifully pastoral. A well of water of great value in that region. The fields around about it white with three flocks of sheep lying down waiting for the watering. I hear their bleating coming on the bright air, and the laughter of young men and maidens indulging in rustic recreations. I look off and I see other flocks of sheep coming. Meanwhile, Jacob, a stranger, on the interesting errand of looking for a wife, comes to the well.

A beautiful shepherdess comes to the same well. I see her approaching, following by her father's flock of sheep. It was a memorable meeting. Jacob married that shepherdess. The Bible account of it is: "Jacob kissed Rachel, and lifted up his voice and wept." It has always been a mystery to me what he found to cry about! But before that scene occurred, Jacob accuses the shepherds and asks them why they postured the shepherds of the flock of sheep, and why they did not immediately proceed to water them. The shepherds reply to the effect: "We are all good neighbors, and as a matter of courtesy we wait until all the sheep of the neighborhood come up. Besides that, the stone on the well's mouth is somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold of it and push it aside, and then the buckets and the troughs are filled, and the sheep are satisfied. We do not, until all the flocks are gathered together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

Now a great flock of sheep today gather around this Gospel well. There are a great many of them. I wonder why the flocks of all nations do not gather—why so many stay thirsty; and while I am wondering about it, my text tells me that the stone is rolled away. We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together, and I will roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep.

It is hard of us, some of us, to a well they angrily jostle each other for the precedence; if a dove of cattle come to a well, they hook each other, and also a protestant, the flock of sheep come, though a hundred of them shall be disappointed, they only express it by sad bleating; they come together peacefully. We have a great multitude to come around the Gospel well. I know there are a crowd who do not like a crowd—they think a crowd is vulgar. If they are opposed for the church it makes them positively impatient and belligerent. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there.

PARIS, July 17.—The Intranzigean have discovered documents which give evidence of the participation of a socialist in the assassination of the Emperor Napoleon III. The documents were found in the possession of a man named Gaston. Arrests have been made of persons charged with being implicated in the assassination.

BERLIN, July 17.—In consequence of a rumor that slips of paper had been found in several places, through which the Imperial train was to be delayed, the Emperor and Empress left the city last night. The train passed safely without incident.

THE TREMBLING EARTH. Earthquake Shocks in Malta, Cairo and Sicily.

LONDON, July 17.—Severe earthquake shock was felt today at Malta. A serious earthquake was experienced at Cairo, where one man was killed and several injured.

CHAMBERLAIN AND TREVELYAN. LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the radical union of Birmingham, in which he expresses his belief that Sir George Trevelyan has accepted the vacant Gladstonian assurance in order to get back into parliament.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

WATERING THE SHEEP.

The Flocks That Gather Around the Gospel Well.

DISCOURSE BY REV. DEWITT TALMAGE.

The Eloquent Divine Entertains His Hearers at "The Hampton," in One of His Popular Sermons.

THE HAMPTONS, July 17.—[Special.]—The Rev. Dr. De Witt Talmage, D. D., pastor at the Brooklyn Tabernacle, continues to enjoy the summer in this pleasant place. His sermon for to-day was on the text: "We Cannot, Until all the Flocks be Gathered Together, and I will Roll the Stone from the Well's Mouth; Then we Water the Sheep."—Genesis xix: 8.

A scene in Mesopotamia, beautifully pastoral. A well of water of great value in that region. The fields around about it white with three flocks of sheep lying down waiting for the watering. I hear their bleating coming on the bright air, and the laughter of young men and maidens indulging in rustic recreations. I look off and I see other flocks of sheep coming. Meanwhile, Jacob, a stranger, on the interesting errand of looking for a wife, comes to the well.

A beautiful shepherdess comes to the same well. I see her approaching, following by her father's flock of sheep. It was a memorable meeting. Jacob married that shepherdess. The Bible account of it is: "Jacob kissed Rachel, and lifted up his voice and wept." It has always been a mystery to me what he found to cry about! But before that scene occurred, Jacob accuses the shepherds and asks them why they postured the shepherds of the flock of sheep, and why they did not immediately proceed to water them. The shepherds reply to the effect: "We are all good neighbors, and as a matter of courtesy we wait until all the sheep of the neighborhood come up. Besides that, the stone on the well's mouth is somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold of it and push it aside, and then the buckets and the troughs are filled, and the sheep are satisfied. We do not, until all the flocks are gathered together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

Now a great flock of sheep today gather around this Gospel well. There are a great many of them. I wonder why the flocks of all nations do not gather—why so many stay thirsty; and while I am wondering about it, my text tells me that the stone is rolled away. We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together, and I will roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep.

It is hard of us, some of us, to a well they angrily jostle each other for the precedence; if a dove of cattle come to a well, they hook each other, and also a protestant, the flock of sheep come, though a hundred of them shall be disappointed, they only express it by sad bleating; they come together peacefully. We have a great multitude to come around the Gospel well. I know there are a crowd who do not like a crowd—they think a crowd is vulgar. If they are opposed for the church it makes them positively impatient and belligerent. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there.

PARIS, July 17.—The Intranzigean have discovered documents which give evidence of the participation of a socialist in the assassination of the Emperor Napoleon III. The documents were found in the possession of a man named Gaston. Arrests have been made of persons charged with being implicated in the assassination.

BERLIN, July 17.—In consequence of a rumor that slips of paper had been found in several places, through which the Imperial train was to be delayed, the Emperor and Empress left the city last night. The train passed safely without incident.

THE TREMBLING EARTH. Earthquake Shocks in Malta, Cairo and Sicily.

LONDON, July 17.—Severe earthquake shock was felt today at Malta. A serious earthquake was experienced at Cairo, where one man was killed and several injured.

CHAMBERLAIN AND TREVELYAN. LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the radical union of Birmingham, in which he expresses his belief that Sir George Trevelyan has accepted the vacant Gladstonian assurance in order to get back into parliament.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

WATERING THE SHEEP.

The Flocks That Gather Around the Gospel Well.

DISCOURSE BY REV. DEWITT TALMAGE.

The Eloquent Divine Entertains His Hearers at "The Hampton," in One of His Popular Sermons.

THE HAMPTONS, July 17.—[Special.]—The Rev. Dr. De Witt Talmage, D. D., pastor at the Brooklyn Tabernacle, continues to enjoy the summer in this pleasant place. His sermon for to-day was on the text: "We Cannot, Until all the Flocks be Gathered Together, and I will Roll the Stone from the Well's Mouth; Then we Water the Sheep."—Genesis xix: 8.

A scene in Mesopotamia, beautifully pastoral. A well of water of great value in that region. The fields around about it white with three flocks of sheep lying down waiting for the watering. I hear their bleating coming on the bright air, and the laughter of young men and maidens indulging in rustic recreations. I look off and I see other flocks of sheep coming. Meanwhile, Jacob, a stranger, on the interesting errand of looking for a wife, comes to the well.

A beautiful shepherdess comes to the same well. I see her approaching, following by her father's flock of sheep. It was a memorable meeting. Jacob married that shepherdess. The Bible account of it is: "Jacob kissed Rachel, and lifted up his voice and wept." It has always been a mystery to me what he found to cry about! But before that scene occurred, Jacob accuses the shepherds and asks them why they postured the shepherds of the flock of sheep, and why they did not immediately proceed to water them. The shepherds reply to the effect: "We are all good neighbors, and as a matter of courtesy we wait until all the sheep of the neighborhood come up. Besides that, the stone on the well's mouth is somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold of it and push it aside, and then the buckets and the troughs are filled, and the sheep are satisfied. We do not, until all the flocks are gathered together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

Now a great flock of sheep today gather around this Gospel well. There are a great many of them. I wonder why the flocks of all nations do not gather—why so many stay thirsty; and while I am wondering about it, my text tells me that the stone is rolled away. We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together, and I will roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep.

It is hard of us, some of us, to a well they angrily jostle each other for the precedence; if a dove of cattle come to a well, they hook each other, and also a protestant, the flock of sheep come, though a hundred of them shall be disappointed, they only express it by sad bleating; they come together peacefully. We have a great multitude to come around the Gospel well. I know there are a crowd who do not like a crowd—they think a crowd is vulgar. If they are opposed for the church it makes them positively impatient and belligerent. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there. We have had people, permanently leave our church because so many other people were there.

PARIS, July 17.—The Intranzigean have discovered documents which give evidence of the participation of a socialist in the assassination of the Emperor Napoleon III. The documents were found in the possession of a man named Gaston. Arrests have been made of persons charged with being implicated in the assassination.

BERLIN, July 17.—In consequence of a rumor that slips of paper had been found in several places, through which the Imperial train was to be delayed, the Emperor and Empress left the city last night. The train passed safely without incident.

THE TREMBLING EARTH. Earthquake Shocks in Malta, Cairo and Sicily.

LONDON, July 17.—Severe earthquake shock was felt today at Malta. A serious earthquake was experienced at Cairo, where one man was killed and several injured.

CHAMBERLAIN AND TREVELYAN. LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Chamberlain has written a letter to the radical union of Birmingham, in which he expresses his belief that Sir George Trevelyan has accepted the vacant Gladstonian assurance in order to get back into parliament.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD WAR. NEW ORLEANS, La., July 17.—The fact was developed yesterday that the Mississippi Valley railroad had purchased a quarter of a mile of river front above Carrollton, outside of the city limits, upon which they will build wharves and warehouses for the purpose of handling their through business.

THE BALL AND BAT.

They Are Still Making Things Merry For the Players.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND ALL AROUND

Chicago Still Climbing Up and Confident of Success—What the Ball-players are Doing—News and Gossip.

The fight for the pennant in the National league continues to be the hottest and most spirited ever witnessed since base ball became a craze. Detroit still leads, but the margin is small. Chicago is close upon the Wolverines, while Boston is almost neck and neck with the White Stockings. New York is among the leaders and any series may almost place either the Chicago, Boston, or New York in the lead.

The Chicagoes are playing the best ball in the world today. Every club in the league is weak in the box and crippled elsewhere except Chicago. The old in field Anson, Pfeifer, Burns and Williams is as strong as ever. The new in field is the team of Egan, Sullivan and Van Holten. Old Silver Fox is still the league, while old Daily Flint and Daily are the prince of back stops. As far as the box is concerned, the champions head of the world. Clarkson is doing the best work in the world. Van Holten, the California wonder, is doing remarkable work, while Baldwin is keeping the pitcher from getting any thing but a few batters from way back, and they all run bases like deer.

In the association St. Louis still leads. The Baltimore were the first to score fifty victories. Baltimore with Pittsburgh second, Philadelphia with Cincinnati third. The race in the association promises to be between Baltimore, St. Louis or Louisville for second place, as Louisville is the only club that has not lost a game. The Southern league has about gone up.

The clubs are just holding on, each waiting for the other to fold. Memphis is in the league, and Birmingham is waiting for the pending act. The following table shows the standing of the clubs in the league and association up to and including Saturday games:

The Championship Record.

The record of championship games played to date is as follows:

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.			
St. Louis.....	Won.	Lost	Won. Lost
Baltimore.....	32 31
Cincinnati.....	37 37
Chicago.....	36 40
Cleveland.....	36 49
Louisville.....	47 49
NATIONAL LEAGUE.			
St. Louis.....	Won.	Lost	Won. Lost
Chicago.....	52 52
Detroit.....	52 53
Cincinnati.....	52 54
Boston.....	52 54
New York.....	52 54
Philadelphia.....	52 54
Indianapolis.....	52 54

Sunday Baseball.

AT ST. LOUIS.									
St. Louis.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	—
Athletic.....	17	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—
St. Louis 4, Athletic 4.									
AT LOUISVILLE.									
Louisville.....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	3
Baltimore.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	2
Louisville.....	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	—	3
Louisville 9, Baltimore 7. Errors—									
AT CINCINNATI.									
Cincinnati.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Brooklyn.....	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	—	4
Errors—Brooklyn 1, Cincinnati 6, Base hits—									

Around the Bases.
John Patrick Cahill and Van Kolten are distantly related.
John Patrick Cahill has become an Elk. He is also becoming a pitcher.
Pete Browning and Mike Kelley deny the report that they are cousins.
Kilroy stands first as a pitcher in the

Around the Bases.
John Patrick Cahill and Van Kolten are distantly related.
John Patrick Cahill has become an Elk. He is also becoming a pitcher.
Pete Browning and Mike Kelley deny the report that they are cousins.
Kilroy stands first as a pitcher in the association and Ramsey sixteenth.
Dunlap is on crutches in Detroit and expects to play if he is in luck in two months.
It is said that Horace Phillips' resignation has been accepted by the Pittsburg management.

Cousins, now managing the Topeka, Kan., club, was the first to get into the act. But Ben Stricker, Atlanta's great second baseman, was seriously hurt in a game at Cleveland Wednesday.

Wednesday carries a walking stick with which was given him by Walter Brown, the sliding secretary of the Southern league.

Latham is on the suspended list for calling Tommie Brown a "kiss ass" after he had been imposed upon him for foolishness in Tuesday's game.

An erolite weighing two tons fell in Indiana the other day, and a small boy who was losing potatoes yelled with shrill excitement, "mauffed!"

Joe Schmetz's barber parted his hair in the middle, the other day, and the Cincinnati's won. Schmetz now parts his hair by a rule, in the middle, every day.

Dudon, who made his bow in the Southern league with the Atlantas, was injured on the fourth by a fatted ball. He is playing again, however, but is not in the best of health.

The Louisville management offered to exchange Ramsey for Mullane at the time of the latter's suspension, but the Cincinnati club would not accept the offer.

Ed Bloom would make a splendid umpire. He is intelligent, understands the rules, has a good voice, and is not too embarrassed to matter what he might be wearing.

Base ball and foot ball are both kicking games. In foot ball the players kick the ball, or in base ball they kick the ball. The rule in base ball they kick at the umpire—Someville Journal.

To a man on the fence, it seems that "Baby" Arson has a level dome of thought. He every day has a new idea, and he is sure to make it, and his chase after the pennant seems waxing successful.

One of the players of the New Yorks, has often dreamed that Russell, as he is known in ball circles, of California, \$200 a month to play with

[illegible]

stealing second, drove his head against Stricker's thigh and that was the cause of "Cub's" lameness and absence yesterday. —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PRICE'S BAKING POWDER.

**FULL WEIGHT
PURE**

**DR. PRICE'S
CREAM**

**BAKING
POWDER**

(SOLD ONLY IN CANS)

**DR. PRICE'S
SPECIAL
FLAVORING**

EXTRACTS

**NATURAL FRUIT
FLAVORS**

MOST PERFECT MADE

Used by the United States Government.
Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities
and Public Food Analysts as The Strongest, Purest,
and most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking
Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or
Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc.,
satisfactorily. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

JEWELERS,
DIAMONDS
FINE
JEWELRY,
WATCHES

WATSON'S, 47 WHITEHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C. 4.

SOLID SILVER

BRIDAL PRESENTS


Largest Stock.
Newest Styles,
And Lowest Prices.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,
47 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE
WATCHSPRING



Patented Feb. 8, 1887.

With sliding Detachable Springs.  Better than Whalebone or Horn.

and guaranteed never to break. Price, \$1.25.

For sale by leading wholesale and retail establishments.

MAYER, STROUSE & CO.
412 Broadway, N. Y., Manufacturers.

SHOES.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3. SHOE.
The only \$3 SEAMLESS
Shoe in the world.
Finest Calf, perfect fit, and

warranted. Congress, Button and Lace, all styles too. As stylish and durable as those costing \$5 or \$6.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$2.50 SHOE adverts the \$3 shoes available by other firms.

NO SEAM
 BEST KID

200,000,000 Americans say
BEST BUY

W.L. DOUGLAS'S SHOE SEAMLESS

SEWED

Name and price

Boys all wear the W. L. DOUGLAS \$2 SHOE.
If your dealer does not keep them, send your name on
postal to W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY

G. H. & A. W. FORCE

33 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
June 18—tu th sa su.

HOUSEWIVES, FARMERS, STUDENTS

AND ALL OTHERS SHOULD USE
MACBETH & CO'S
PEARLTOP



SHOW IN PICTURES.

PEARL TOP
REGISTERED

STOLTZ PAT. MAR. 2, 1904

LAMP CHIMNEYS


IF YOU DON'T WANT to
be ANNOYED by Constant
BREAKING OF CHIMNEYS.

BEST CHIMNEY MADE.
For Sale Everywhere

MADE ONLY BY
GEORGE MACBETH & CO.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

FROM MY HOLYOKE SEMINARY
We use nearly (3000) three
hundred lights every even-
ing, and since using the cel-
ebrated **PEARL TOP CHIMNEYS** my experience and
judgment is that we would rather pay a dollar a dozen
for them than fifty cents a dozen for any other Chim-
ney we have ever used. **L. H. PORTER, Steward.**

**THE WASHBURN AMERICAN GUITARS
AND MANDOLINES**



Finest toned, most durable,
and possess the only absolutely
correct scale. Warranted to stand in any climate. Ask your dealer
for these. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free by the Manufacturers,
LYON & HEALY, 162 State St., Chicago.

WE OFFER FOR SALE AT PAR AND ACCRUED interest, the first mortgage, 50 years, 6 per cent gold bonds of this company, issued for the purpose of changing the gauge of the existing road to standard gauge width, and for extending the same to Atlanta and Knoxville.

The bonds will be ready for delivery on or before June 1st, proximo.

N. B. Any existing bonds of the company will be sold at a discount for those now offered at the

Circulars giving full information may be had on application of either of the undersigned.

JAMES U. JACKSON, Augusta, Ga.
DOODY, McLELLAN, & CO., 57 Broadway, N. Y.



DR. CREEVER'S
ELECTRIC BELT
FOR

WOMEN ONLY It is for the one specific purpose. For full information address Cheever Electric Bolt Co., 103 Washington St., Chicago, Ill. (we thru out)

WEAK MEN!

WEAK MEN!

Whose **VITALITY** is failing. Brain **DRAINED** and **EXHAUSTED** or **Power PREMATURELY WASTED**. It may find a perfect and reliable cure in the **FRENCH HOSPITAL REMEDIES** originated by **Prof. JEAN CIVILE**, of Paris, France, adopted by all French Physicians and being rapidly and successfully introduced here. All weakening losses and

TANSY PILLS

are perfect. Safe and always economical. Always
to land speedily and certainly relief. More than 10,000
American women use these regularly. Give them a
on all other cash returned. If you doubt that, keep
"Wilson's Commemorative Turkey Pill," and see
worthless medicine. It is a "cash refund" but not so. The
worthless medicine is the only absolutely reliable
to you. **WILSON'S SPECIFIC CO.,** Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.



WHITEHALL'S CRANKSHAFT AND ENGINE WORKS
ATLANTA, GA.

CROCKERY, ETC.

Best Goods Made.

McBRIDE & CO.,
29 Peachtree Street.

FRUIT JARS, FLY FANS,
DRY-AIR REFRIGERATORS.

CREAM FREEZERS,
Gate City Stone Filters,

HAVILAND'S CHINA,
Fine Cut Glass, Brass and Bronze Goods.

MODERATE PRICES.

M'BRIDE'S.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications.

For Georgia: Fair weather, slight changes in temperature; westerly winds.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.,
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, ATLANTA, July 17-18 p.m.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

STATIONS.

Barometer, Thermometer, Wind, Rainfall, Weather.

Augusta, Savannah, Jacksonville, Montgomery, New Orleans, Galveston, Palestine, Fort Smith, Shreveport.

6 a. m., 29.98, 76.69, W, 8, 0.00, Clear.

2 p. m., 29.94, 85.06, NW, 7, 0.00, Clear.

9 p. m., 29.95, 82.72, W, 6, 0.00, Clear.

Maximum thermometer, 86.

Minimum thermometer, 72.

Total rainfall, 0.00.

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m., 75th meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.

Atlanta, Ga., 96.72, 80.00, Fair.

Anderson, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Charleston, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Columbia, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

Greenville, S. C., 97.72, 80.00, Fair.

FARMS AND FARMERS.

Short Talks With Farmers on Farm Topics.

THE FARM AND QUESTION BOX.

Prairie Lands and Soils—Calamus As a Paying Crop—Best Crops For Winter and Spring Grazing.

Best Crops for Winter and Spring Grazing.

Last week the preparations for autumn crops were discussed. It may be well to consider which are the most desirable and reliable of these to discuss them one by one, because the manuring, if not the preparing of the soil, will depend on the nature of each crop.

Taking all the cotton states, (for THE CONSTITUTION covers all this area and more) embracing all varieties of soils, of climates, of extreme cold, as well as sub-tropical winters; if one were compelled to select only one of the many crops which are available, we should have not the slightest hesitation in choosing rye. It is hardy, it is thrifty. It will stand the severest cold; it will grow on poorest land. Its tolerance of cold makes it continue to grow till the fall is far advanced and to start a vigorous growth early in spring. On rich soils it will come as near supplying continuous grazing through the winter as any plant to be found.

The objection sometimes urged, that its quality is poor though its quantity be abundant, may very largely be obviated by sowing on rich soils. Its quality varies with the soil upon which it grows. This is true of most plants; it is especially true of rye. Because it will grow fairly well on poor land, its usual lot is to be assigned to poor land. But it deserves a better fate. Feed it well, and nothing will pay you back so large interest. Sow an acre for every horse, mule and cow upon the farm. Should it make more forage than they can consume in its green state, cut and cure—it makes excellent hay if mowed just before the heads appear. Arrange to sow at successive intervals, beginning the first of September and continuing to the middle of October. It sometimes happens that the earliest sowings are killed by frost, hence the precaution. But it is well also, to have it mature in succession—not all at once. It may be well to remind those who have little experience with rye, that northern and western seed will not answer. Home raised is best of all. Virginia rye appears to do well, judging, however, from one year's experience. Every southern farmer ought to make it a point to raise his own rye seed—enough to sow all the lots he needs, and enough to sow all his bare cotton fields to protect them from wasting and leaching through the winter.

To afford variety of food—which contributes much to the health and thrift of animals—some leguminous crop should be grown to supplement the rye. Clover lies between lucerne, red clover, burr clover and vetch. Any soil or climate can be accommodated out of this list. If, as before, choice is limited to one, we should select lucerne. Whilst it grows best on soils not the stiffest, it does not refuse to grow on heavy clays. Prepare the land well and feed the plant well, and it will not disappoint you. It requires care, but once established, it will be good for half a lifetime. It is quite as well, if not better adapted to the southern portion of the cotton belt, than it is to the northern part, being a native of a warm climate. In the colder portions of the south red clover may take the place of lucerne—either of them will fill the want we are now discussing.

Now, as to manures required by these respective crops. It is well in the case of all forage crops to lay the foundation in a good dressing of stable manure. This not only supplies plant food, but develops certain activities in the soil which contribute largely to its productive capacity. Upon this foundation, in the case of rye, liberal dressings of cotton seed meal, acid phosphate and kainit should be superposed. The manure should be thoroughly mixed with the soil as deeply as it is broken; the others should be incorporated mainly with the soil near the surface. For lucerne or clover the meal may be omitted (unless the soil is excessively poor), but the other two, phosphate and kainit, applied freely. If manure is convenient and cheap, it may also be added freely with great advantage. Let it not be forgotten that for winter crops, manure must take the place of heat. It is only by stimulating plants by high feeding, that they can be made to make much growth in cold weather.

W. L. J.

THE FARM AND QUESTION BOX.

Dr. W. L. Jones, confessed the highest and safest agricultural authority in the south, presides over this department. He solicits practical suggestions from farmers and others interested.

W. S. Abernethy, Miss. I have some land in the red and orange prairie land that has been lying out for five or six years and wish to reduce it to cultivation. Will you kindly answer the following questions:

1. What is the best time to break it up?

2. Should it be broken up by the plow or later, and what harrow is the best for this purpose?

3. We have no practical acquaintance with prairie soil, and hardly know how to cultivate with special reference to them. As a general rule, land which has not been cultivated for many years, needs to be broken up and exposed to the air for some time in advance of planting it. If intended for summer crops it should be broken in the previous autumn or early winter, and may be allowed to remain thus till early spring, when it should be repeatedly harrowed. The disc harrow is the best implement for the work. It may, by weighting, be made to cut deep, and yet not bring up any trash to the surface. Several harrows are desirable—one after each plowing till it is planted.

4. In breaking practically the peculiarities of such soil as we are again at a loss to say what it is to be planted in cotton, and its tendency on such soils is to make large weeds, and mature late, plow shallow—not more than three or four inches deep—but if it is to be planted in corn, plow as deep as you can.

5. Some turn plow—but what make is best suited to peculiarities of such soil we do not know.

6. Answered above.

W. P. L. Due West, S. C. Enclosed is a clipping from the Augusta Evening News. Please give me some information as to whether it is reliable, and if so, in what way it could be used, and, if possible, its price, its information of its cultivation, etc.

My father has on his place a piece of marshy land on which this plant has long grown. I am a college boy, but think between classes I can find opportunity of utilizing this piece of ground to my or some other purpose, and would be glad to do so if I could do it intelligently.

This is the extract:

"An old farmer in Fayette county, Ga., sold last year over \$1,000 worth of calamus, grown on three-quarters of an acre of marsh land. He has orders on hand now for all he can raise."

Have never seen calamus cultivated on a large scale, but have observed it growing readily and vigorously in small patches in wet places. Spongy, wet land, seems best suited to it. All that is required is to eradicate all other plants on the land and plant pieces of the root. From what we have seen, should suppose it would grow well in rows two feet apart and plants set out a foot apart in drill. Subsequent cultivation consists simply in keeping out all intruding plants. We are not advised as to market or price. Get your local druggist to make inquiry from some druggist

In a large city like Baltimore or New York.

E. F. M. Greenfield, Tenn. Please let me know how to kill the cotton and asparagus bushes.

Grub up ten inches deep below the surface from the middle to the last of August. Few will shoot up any more. Examine about first of October, and if any have appeared above ground, grub again. Should any appear the ensuing year, grub again. Vigilance and perseverance will destroy them, but one must exercise these to succeed. It will not answer to grub them over so thoroughly, and let the matter drop there. Have seen it stated by a northern writer that repeated mowing down through the summer will destroy them also. It is possible that this would gradually weaken and finally destroy them.

Subscriber, Pickensville, Ala.: 1. Where can I get a book that will tell how to make brooms?

2. What is the best kind of turnip to sow for winter use? 3. What would you do for a horse with indigestion?

1. Write to Orange, Judd & Co., New York.

2. Rutabagas stand first, yellow Aberdeen next.

3. Feed and water at very regular intervals, change food frequently, avoiding kinds that disagree with him, and never overfeed.

Running on pasture is also desirable. Keep salt always within reach, and don't physic him much with condition powders. A little tonic, in the shape of copperas and gentian, may be given, say two drachms of each daily.

J. A. D. Cedar Hill, N. C.: I have a piece of bottom land I wish to put in a permanent meadow. I have it in corn this year. What kind of grass must I sow on it and when? And must I sow any kind of grass with the corn? And tell me how to sow, harrow it or brush it in.

Second, I have a fine apple tree; this year when it began to bloom the end of the limbs began to die? What caused it? Understand you mean a field to be mowed, not pastured. For the former, it is important to sow grasses that mature at the same time—that is, be in right condition to be mowed at the same time. Orchard and tall meadow cut grass, make a good combination in this respect. But for its maturing after the above, we should recommend herd grass or red-top—also, clover may be advantageously sown with the grass named, as it will be ready for the blade at the same time with them. It is better not to sow any grain with the grass seed, but give the land up wholly to the grass. Prepare land by repeated plowing, rolling and harrowing.

From the 1st to the middle of September sow seed just after the land has been harrowed, brush it as lightly as you possibly can and finish by rolling. The rolling is all important, especially if the weather is dry. Sow two bushels of orchard, one of tall oat, and ten pounds of clover per acre. Heavy seeding always pays.

2d. The trouble you speak of is a kind of blight similar to that which attacks the pear. No good remedy has been discovered as yet.

Subscriber, Bay St. Louis, July 5th, 1887.—Will you please tell me the best application to facilitate the decomposition of muck? The proportionate ingredients of the muck are: peat, sawdust, lime, and water? Please tell me also about the application of muck.

The best thing to mix with muck is a mixture of quick lime and ashes—two bushels of the mixture to a cord of the muck. In the absence of ashes slack lime with salt water, and mix it with muck. After being thoroughly mixed it should remain some months, from three to six. It may then be made the basis of a compost, or may be broadcasted, or may be put in drill like other manure, but in larger quantity. The first is the best, viz: A. Basis is quick lime, B. is peat, C. is sawdust, D. is water. Always give better results, when diluted, and nothing is better for the purpose than muck which has been properly aired, dried, and neutralized with lime.

G. W. H. Nona, Texas. In reading THE CONSTITUTION I have become deeply interested in your efforts to cure the diseases of horses. Please inform me where I can procure a reliable veterinary work and also what it will cost. I am a subscriber to THE CONSTITUTION and value it very highly, as it contains many valuable hints.

"Diseases of the American Horse," by McClure, is a very good work. It can be had through any book seller.

C. H. McC. Ivey, Ga. My chickens have some disease among them that I do not understand. Their craw will enlarge and grow growing until they die. They continue to eat all the time. Please send me a book that will tell me how to cure them. Big "craw" sometimes comes from a foul-smelling substance which cannot pass readily down to the stomach proper. We saw a case once produced by eating boiled cotton seed. Feathers if eaten may also obstruct the passage. Other food which is indigestible passes down with difficulty and health is impaired. If taken in time a chick may be saved by making an opening in the crop and taking out all the stuff. Care must be had to get out any lodged in the canal leading to the stomach as well as in the crop itself. Sew up opening and feed on soft food for some time.

G. H. H. Enfield, N. C.: I will tell you the best time for topping cotton, and do you think it pays to top it?

2. How much are Georgia farmers generally allowed of North Carolina farmers? It is considered south here to have a cotton bloom by the 1st of July.

1. This matter has been discussed by us recently. From the last of July to the tenth of August is the proper time to top cotton, if it is done at all. It sometimes pays, but the result is uncertain.

2. Time of first cotton bloom varies with latitude and seasons. In lower Georgia the first bloom of new cotton was marketed the 1st of July. In this vicinity (Athens), blooms appeared this year about the middle of June, but the 20th to the 25th of June is about the average time.

J. M. Gillesburg, Amity county, Miss.: I will you or some of your readers give me a prescription that will cure a horse of swiney, (2) and can be used while under treatment?

3. Rub well with a mixture of turpentine and oil of turpentine and crocus in equal parts, and oil of turpentine and crocus in equal parts. No objection to using animal while under treatment, if the collar does not hurt the parts which the ointment irritates.

J. E. S., Vineland, Ala.: For the last two years the syrup made in this country of the orange and amber cane, has from five to ten gallons in a barrel of a thick substance like jelly. When first introduced in this country it turned out to be sugar. Please tell me the cause of this change and how to prevent it, and oblige yours, etc.

Without personal examination could not tell what the difficulty is. Is the juice defected with lime or soda at the commencement of the being, and thoroughly clarified? Is there any difference in syrup from cane matured and unmaured, raised on poor or rich land? And is the peculiarity mentioned confined to syrup made from the amber and orange, and not present in that from other varieties?

L. S. Minter, of Alabama, asks how to get rid of palmato. From the 15th of September to the 1st of October take a common axe and cut the bud off out of low in the ground, so as to be sure to get the root. The roots of the palmato are very hard and can be poked up without any trouble.

H. B. Ballard, Thomaston, Ga. Please inform me how long will they keep? I have been laying, in salt, no two being touched each other, and downwards, and keep in a cool place. Eggs packed away for they have been kept some time will not keep well. With above conditions compounded with they may be kept some months. Or they may be packed in lime water. In this case also it is equally important that the eggs must be newly laid. The salt is more convenient and equally as good as lime.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING.

SEE OUR IMMENSE DISPLAY OF

MID-SUMMER GOODS!

We Cannot Fail to Please You.

ALL SIZES! ALL KINDS!

WE BEGIN THIS WEEK

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL CUT PRICE SALE!

Immense Reductions in All Departments. Special Drives in

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits!

HIRSCH BROS.,

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

CIGARS.

GRAND REPUBLIC CIGARROS.

WARNING!

NOTICE is hereby given to all manufacturers, jobbers and retail dealers of cigars that we are the sole and exclusive owners of the brand or trademark for cigars known as

"GRAND REPUBLIC,"

Together with the SYMBOLS, DEVICES, SEAL AND GENERAL STYLE OF OUR ORIGINAL PACKAGE.

Our exclusive ownership has been determined in the several actions brought by us, and in which decrees were rendered in our favor, to-wit: in the New York Superior Court on October 20, 1886, and in the Superior Court of Cincinnati, Ohio, on May 11, 1887.

WE SHALL VIGOROUSLY PROSECUTE ALL INFRINGEMENTS OF OUR TRADE NAME, DEVICES, SEAL AND STYLE OF PACKAGE as applied to cigars or cigarettes to the fullest extent of the law, and shall hereafter claim full damages in all actions brought by us for infringements of this brand.

GEORGE P. LIES & CO.,

Grand Republic Cigar Factory, No. 200 Third District, New York City.

June 18—1887

PARSONS' PILLS.

These pills were a wonderful discovery. Unlike any other, One Pill Does the Work of Ten. Take them easily. The most delicate woman can use them. In fact all ladies can obtain very great benefit from the use of Parsons' Pills. One box sent post paid for 25 cents, or five boxes for \$1 in stamps. 50 Pills in every box.

The circular around each box explains the symptoms. Also how to cure a great variety of diseases. This information alone is worth ten times the cost of the pills. A handsome illustrated pamphlet sent free contains valuable information. Send for it. Dr. J. S. Johnson & Co., 222 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Make New Rich Blood!

TITLE GUARANTEE COMPANY.

WARRANTY VS. OPINION.

Copy of the Contract of Warranty of the Land Title Warranty and Safe Deposit Company of Atlanta.

28 PEACHTREE STREET AND ROOMS 1 AND 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

In consideration of SIXTY DOLLARS to be paid by John Smith, the Land Title Warranty and Safe Deposit Company of Atlanta has caused the title to the following described real estate to be examined, and title being approved, said company hereby WARRANTS title to said John Smith and all persons claiming the estate and property hereinafter mentioned under him by descent, by will, or under the intestate laws, and all other persons to whom this certificate of warranty may be transferred with the assent of this company, in and to the premises, against all loss or damage not exceeding FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS which the said John Smith shall sustain by reason of defects of the title of the premises, or interest derived in schedule "A" hereto annexed, or because of liens or encumbrances charging the same at the date hereof, excepting, however, the defects, objects, liens or encumbrances enumerated in schedule "B," or by the conditions hereto annexed and hereby incorporated in this contract, the loss and the amount to be ascertained in the manner provided in the annexed conditions, and not otherwise. In witness whereof, etc.

GOOD BUSINESS MEN HAVE THEIR TITLES WARRANTED.